

## WHY AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE REQUIRED

K-WC 309 (Rev. 6-12)

**K.S.A. 44-532** indicates that a self-insurer shall furnish “proof to the director of the employer’s financial ability to pay such compensation for the employer’s self.”

Questions often arise concerning the necessity of audited financial statements for qualifying to be self-insured for workers compensation claims in Kansas. Some companies, which would benefit from being self-insured, find the cost of providing audited financial statements expensive.

When a bank extends credit to a commercial customer, they reserve the right to inspect the business premises and check inventory levels. Banks may maintain the operating accounts of their loan clients and can monitor these balances and compare them with the customer-provided financial statements. Banks have intimate knowledge of the customer’s total outstanding loans, and in the case of an incorporated business, often require a bank officer to sit on the board to oversee operations. Banks can send their own accountants to provide certified statements if needed.

The Division of Workers Compensation does not have as deep of an involvement in a client’s business affairs as a bank does. Adequate resources are not available for the division to perform their own certification of an applicant’s financial records. Audited financial statements serve as a disinterested third-party confirmation that the information has been collected according to generally accepted accounting standards and that the information accurately reflects the actual financial condition of the enterprise.

The Division of Workers Compensation performs a strictly paper analysis of each applicant. No auditing or confirmation is performed on a firsthand basis. To obtain accurate information from each applicant and to treat each applicant equally, audited financial statements are the best and only tool available.

A separate but similar consideration would be to provide federal tax returns or other federal compliance forms in place of audited financial statements. These may seem like adequate alternatives, except that the information contained in these documents is customer generated and is not verified in every instance by a disinterested third party. It is our understanding that only 2 to 5 percent of the federal tax returns are audited, and that many government forms provided for regulatory purpose are not verified until after a problem situation arises. Consequently, these means of substantiated financial information are lacking in usefulness to adequately protect the compensation rights of workers in Kansas.

In addition, K.S.A. 44-584 provides that each group self-insured pool shall submit to the Commissioner of Insurance a certified independent audited financial statement on or before March 31 of each year. To be consistent with this statute, we are requiring CPA audited statements as well.